Old Croton Aqueduct, Saw Mill River Culvert Spanning Nepperhan Ave. Yonkers Westchester County New York

HAER NY-118

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HISTORIC AMERICAN ENGINEERING RECORD

NY-118

OLD CROTON AQUEDUCT SAW MILL RIVER CULVERT

Date:

1838-39

Location:

Spanning Nepperhan Ave., Yonkers, Westchester County, New

York.

Engineer:

John B. Jervis

Owner:

Originally; New York City Water Board

Presently; Tatonic State Parkway Authority.

Significance:

The Old Croton Aqueduct is an outstanding example of 19th century civil engineering and was New York City's first municipal water project. The culvert at Saw Mill River is notable because, instead of spanning the river with a single arch, Jervis used two smaller arches sharing a common center footing. The roadway arch was altered to

over twice its size in the late 19th century.

Transmited by:

Daniel Clement, 1984. For further information regarding the Old Croton Aqueduct please refer to NY-107 through NY-117, NY-119 and NY-120 (HAER).

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The Old Croton Aqueduct, New York City's first major water supply project, was constructed between 1838 and 1842, with John B. Jervis as chief engineer. Along most of its 40-mile length, the aqueduct is underground, with a foot path along the right-of-way. The aqueduct was a landmark of 19th century engineering, and it continued to supply water to New York City until 1955. Some other communities continued to draw water from the aqueduct until 1965, when the gates at the Croton Dam were closed and the aqueduct went out of use. The right-of-way is being developed for public recreation purposes as the Old Croton Trailway State Park by the Taconic State Park Commission.

"The major portion of the aqueduct is constructed of brick...the foundation of the tunnel is formed with concrete, the side walls of stone; the bottom and sides of the interior are faced with brick, and the top is covered with an arch of brick. Maximum interior dimensions measure 8-1/2' high by 7-1/2' wide" (National Register Nomination form). Where streams intersected the path of the aqueduct, culverts were built to allow the stream to flow under the aqueduct without damaging it. "Cut stone lines the bottom of the waterways; there are stone side walls surmountd by an arch of stone. Buttresses and wing walls are at each end of the culvert to guide the water to and from the channel-way, and parapet walls are located over the tops of the channel-ways at each end to maintain the embankment of earth over the culvert" (National Register Nomination form).

At the Saw Mill River Valley, the aqueduct is enclosed in an embankment crossing Saw Mill River on two stone arches and Nepperhan Avenue on one larger stone arch. The original Nepperhan Avenue Tunnel was 20 feet wide, allowing two lanes of traffic to pass. The tunnel was later widened to 50 feet. The foundation of the embankment structure is 50 feet below the top of the embankment, the sides of which are stabilized with dry, rubble-stone paving.

Sources of Information

For more information on the Old Croton Aqueduct, see the National Register Nomination form prepared by Lenore M. Rennenkampf, 1973. The bibliography from the nomination form may be found on page 3. For other Croton Aqueduct sites in the HAER collection, see:

HAER	No.	NY-116	OLD	CROTON	AQUEDUCT,	MAINTENANCE BUILDING
HAER	No.	NY-115	OLD	CROTON	AQUEDUCT,	OVERSEER'S HOUSE
HAER	No.	NY-117	OLD	CROTON	AQUEDUCT,	QUARRY RAILROAD BRIDGE
HAER	No.	NY-114	OLD	CROTON	AQUEDUCT,	JEWELS BROOK CULVERT
HAER	No.	NY-113	OLD	CROTON	AQUEDUCT,	MILL RIVER WASTE WEIR
HAER	No.	NY-112	OLD	CROTON	AQUEDUCT,	MILL RIVER CULVERT
HAER	No.	NY-111	OLD	CROTON	AQUEDUCT,	SING SING KILL BRIDGE
HAER	No.	NY-110	OLD	CROTON	AQUEDUCT,	VENTILATOR NUMBER 9
HAER	No.	NY-108	OLD	CROTON	AQUEDUCT,	INDIAN CREEK CULVERT

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HAER No. NY-120

OLD CROTON AQUEDUCT

HAER No. NY-109

OLD CROTON AQUEDUCT, NORTHERN WASTE WEIR

HAER No. NY-107

OLD CROTON AQUEDUCT, ENTRANCE ENTABLATURE

Major Bibliographical References

Jervis, John B. <u>Description of the Croton Aqueduct</u>. New York: Slamm and Guion, 1842.

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Schramke, T. <u>Description of the New York Croton Aqueduct</u>. New York and Berlin: at the Author's, 1846.

Singer, Charles, et al. A History of Technology. Oxford: At the Clarendon Press, 1958.

Tower, F. B. Illustrations of the Croton Aqueduct.
New York and London: Wiley and Putnam, 1843.

Vollmer Associates. Master Plan Report for Recreational Development of the Old Croton Trailway.

62 Fifth Avenue, New York City. July 15, 1970.

Vollmer Associates. Report on the Old Croton Aqueduct in Westchester County. 62 Fifth Avenue, New York City, NoVember 15, 1971.

Weidner, Charles H. Water For A City.
New Brunswick, New Jersey: Rutgers University Press, 1974.

Project Information:

The Nepperhan Avenue arch is being demolished as part of the Nepperhan Arterial project, which is being carried out by the New York State Department of Transportation with Federal Highway Administration funds. Mitigative documentation was prepared by Joann Ryan for the New York State Department of Transportation, March 1985

